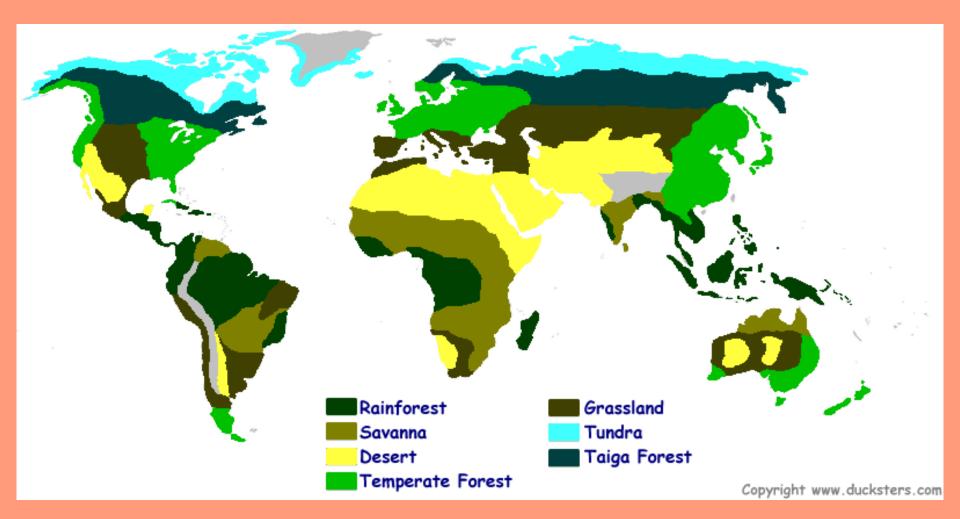
We live in the desert biome!

What is a Biome?

- Biome: areas on the earth with similar climate, plants, and animals
- The plants and animals that live in a specific biome are physically well adapted for that area
- Scientists argue over the actual number of biomes but the ones usually agreed upon are: Tundra, Deserts, Grasslands, Taiga, Temperate Forests, and Rainforests with Fresh Water and Salt Water added in



Biomes

Tundra

Montane grasslands and shrublands

Temperate coniferous forests Temperate broadleaf and mixed Part -

forests

Temperate grasslands, savannas, and shrublands

Tropical and subtropical coniferous forests

Tropical and subtropical moist broadleaf forests

Tropical and subtropical dry broadleaf forests

Tropical and subtropical grasslands, savannas, and shrublands

Mediterranean forests, woodlands, and scrub

Deserts and xeric shrublands Flooded grasslands and

savannas

Mangroves



Nonstei

- Location: North & South America, Africa, Middle East, Australia, and Asia
- Description: Extremely hot and dry (less than 10 inches of rain a year). Some deserts can be cold at night (40s or 50s)
- Plants: Cacti, small bushes, and short grasses. Desert plants are adapted to collect and store water, and/or reduce water loss.
- Animals in this biome must adapt to intense heat and lack of water. Some animals never Animals: drink water, instead they get water from the seeds and plants that they consume. Many animals are nocturnal so that they do not have to combat the sun's heat.

More Desert Plants and



Lappet Faced Vulture Animals



Thorny Devil



Cactus Wren

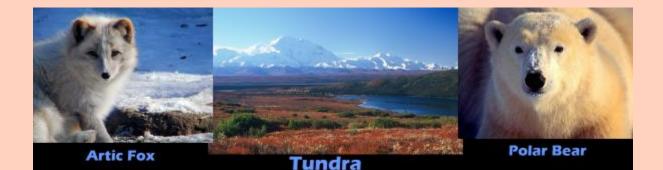




Saguaro Cactus



Prickly Pear Cactus



- Location: Regions south of the ice caps in the Artic. In North America, Europe, and Siberia.
- Description: Coldest biome and also covers 1/5 of the Earth's surface.
- Plants: lichens, mosses, grasses, sedges, shrubs. Almost no trees due to short growing season and permafrost
- Animals: Every animal must adapt in order to survive. Some have grown thick fur which turns white in the winter. Others find a place to hibernate during the winter months.

More Tundra Plants and



Snowy Owl



Cotton Plants





Caribou



Lichen



Siberian Lynx



Yellow Tundra Flower



Grasslands

American Bison

- Location:
- Description:
- Plants:
- Animals:

Every continent except Antarctica Grasslands are big open spaces. There are not many bushes in the grassland. Trees are found only by rivers and streams.

- : Grasses (prairie clover, salvia, oats, wheat, barley, coneflowers)
- S: Many large herds of grazing animals such as zebras or bison. Animals live in herds for protection, because there are few trees and bushes to camouflage themselves.



Zebra

More Grassland Plants and



Brown Hyena

Animals



Giraffe



Black tailed prairie dog



Coneflower



Wheat Grass



Salvia



Green Winged Macaw

.

Jungle Python

- Location: Near the equator between the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn. South America, Asia, Pacific Islands, Australia, New Zealand, and Africa
- Description: Two types of rainforests, tropical and temperate. Several varieties of exotic plants and animals. Lush greens and vibrant colors.
- Plants: Vines, palm trees, orchids, ferns. Most plants must compete for sunlight and nutrients due to their dense population. The majority of common houseplants come from the rainforest.
- Animals: Life inside the wet tropical rainforest is bustling with slithering snakes and chirping birds. An animal must be both smart and strong to survive in this environment.

More Rainforest Plants and



Flying Dragon



Bamboo





Chimpanzee



Banana Tree



Capybara



Orchid

Moose	Taiga	Eurasian Beaver
•Location:	Canada, Europe, Asia, and the United States	
•Description:	Also known as "Coniferous forests." Taiga regions have cold, long, snowy winters, and warm, humid summers; well-defined seasons	
•Plants:	Coniferous-evergreen trees (trees that produce cones needles). The trees are narrow and grow very close together. This is so they can help protect each other from the weather. There are also moss, lichen, and other species of plants that live in the Taiga's bogs.	
•Animals:	Snow, cold, and a scarcity of food make life very difficult, especially in the winter. Some taiga animals migrate south, others go into hibernation, while others simply cope with the environment.	

More Taiga Animals and Plants





Wolverine



Red Throated Loon



Hemlock



Larch Needles



Lichen growing on a tree



White Tailed Deer

Temperate Forest

Location:

Eastern United States, Canada, Europe, China, and Japan

Raccoon

- Description: Temperate forests go through four seasons. Leaves change color in autumn, fall off in the winter, and grow back in the spring. This adaptation allows plants to survive the winters.
 Plants: Broadleaf trees (oak, maple, beech), shrubs, and mosses
- Animals: Animals living within this biome must adjust to cold winters and hot summers by hibernating, migrating, or keeping active all winter.

More Temperate Forest Plants



Grey Squirrel



Oak





Black Bear



American Beech



Wild Turkey



Maple

And just when you thought you were done...

Salt Water

- Consists of oceans, coral reefs, and estuaries
- Estuaries are areas where fresh and salt water environments converge. Mangroves, oysters, crabs and marsh grasses are examples of species in this environment.
- The ocean is the largest of all ecosystems.
- The ocean contains a diverse array of plants and animals at various depth zones.
- Coral reefs consist mainly of coral.



Fresh Water

- Includes ponds, and lakes; streams and rivers, and wetlands.
- Wetlands are areas of standing water that support aquatic plants.
- Ponds and lakes have well lit zones and a variety of fish dominate this zone.
- Streams and rivers move in one direction.



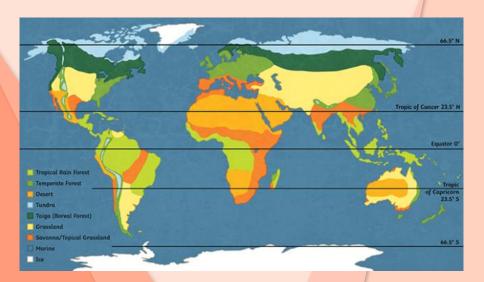
Explore More About Biomes!

• Info on biomes here

- Interactive map <u>here</u>
- Info on specific biomes here
- Aquatic vs terrestrial biomes here
- Different categories <u>here</u>



Describe three different biomes.



Biomes

The exact number is up for debate, but the definition isn't!

A complex biotic community characterized by distinctive plant and animal species and maintained under the climatic conditions of the region, especially such a community that has developed to climax.

(reference <u>here</u>)

Pick a Biome

Pick a biome

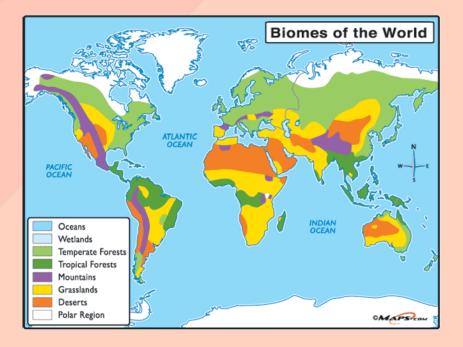
Research into that biome

Complete slides to explain your biome

- Pictures
- Information
- Sources
- Links for more exploration

- Tundra
- Grasslands
- Taiga
- Temperate Forests
- Rainforests
- Fresh Water

Schedule for Today



Research

Pick and then research into one of the biomes listed

Start Slides

Put what you learned about your biome on your slides

What questions do you have?

What is interesting about your biome?